

1. Identification

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|---|---|
| Product identifier | TUFCHEM™ SILICATE GUNITE POWDER |
| Other means of identification | None. |
| Recommended use | Not available. |
| Recommended restrictions | None known. |
| Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information | |
| Company Name | ErgonArmor, a division of Ergon Asphalt & Emulsions, Inc. |
| Address | 2829 Lakeland Drive Jackson, MS 39232 USA |
| After hours telephone number | 1-800-222-7122 |
| Normal work hours telephone number | 1-877-982-7667 |
| Website | www.ergonarmor.com |
| E-mail | sds@ergon.com |
| Emergency 24-hour telephone number | CHEMTREC: North America 1-800-424-9300 International 1-800-527-3887 |
| Information on operation hours | 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. |

2. Hazard(s) identification

| | | |
|------------------------------|---|------------|
| Physical hazards | Not classified. | |
| Health hazards | Acute toxicity, inhalation | Category 4 |
| | Skin corrosion/irritation | Category 2 |
| | Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Category 2 |
| | Carcinogenicity | Category 1 |
| | Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure | Category 2 |
| Environmental hazards | Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard | Category 3 |
| OSHA defined hazards | Not classified. | |
| Label elements |  | |

Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes eye irritation. May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment.

Response IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Specific treatment (see this label). Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

| | |
|--|---|
| Storage | Store locked up. |
| Disposal | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. |
| Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) | None known. |
| Supplemental information | None. |

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | % |
|---|--------------------------|------------|------|
| CRYSTALLINE SILICA | | 14808-60-7 | < 95 |
| PALYGORSKITE (ATTAPULGITE) (LONG FIBRES, > 5 MICROMETERS) | | 12174-11-7 | < 10 |
| SILICIC ACID (H ₂ Si ₂ O ₅), SODIUM SALT (1:2) | | 13870-28-5 | < 10 |
| SODIUM FLUROSILICATE | | 16893-85-9 | < 10 |

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

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|---|---|
| Inhalation | Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or give oxygen by trained personnel. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Get medical attention. |
| Skin contact | Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. |
| Eye contact | Do not rub eyes. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. |
| Ingestion | Rinse mouth. Never give anything by mouth to a victim who is unconscious or is having convulsions. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. Get medical attention. |
| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes. Coughing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed. |
| General information | Keep victim warm. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Keep victim under observation. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). |

5. Fire-fighting measures

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|--|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. |
| Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters | Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. Material can be slippery when wet. |
| Fire fighting equipment/instructions | In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. |
| Specific methods | Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. |
| General fire hazards | No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. |

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Collect dust using a vacuum cleaner equipped with HEPA filter. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk.

Large Spills: Wet down with water and dike for later disposal. Shovel the material into waste container. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Do not breathe dust. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Keep out of reach of children. Store in a cool, dry place.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Permissible Exposure Limits (PEL) for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|--|------|------------------------|------------------|
| CRYSTALLINE SILICA (CAS 14808-60-7) | PEL | 0.05 mg/m ³ | Respirable dust. |
| SODIUM FLUOROSILICATE (CAS 16893-85-9) | PEL | 2.5 mg/m ³ | |

US. OSHA Table Z-2 Permissible Exposure Limits (PEL) (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|--|------|-----------------------|-------|
| SODIUM FLUOROSILICATE (CAS 16893-85-9) | TWA | 2.5 mg/m ³ | Dust. |

US. OSHA Table Z-3 Permissible Exposure Limits (PEL) for Mineral Dusts (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|-------------------------------------|------|-----------------------|-------------|
| CRYSTALLINE SILICA (CAS 14808-60-7) | TWA | 0.1 mg/m ³ | Respirable. |
| | | 2.4 mppcf | Respirable. |

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|--|------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| CRYSTALLINE SILICA (CAS 14808-60-7) | TWA | 0.025 mg/m ³ | Respirable fraction. |
| SODIUM FLUOROSILICATE (CAS 16893-85-9) | TWA | 2.5 mg/m ³ | |

NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH) Values, as amended

| Components | Type | Value |
|-------------------------------------|------|----------|
| CRYSTALLINE SILICA (CAS 14808-60-7) | IDLH | 50 mg/m3 |

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards Recommended Exposure Limits (REL)

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|--|------|------------|------------------|
| CRYSTALLINE SILICA (CAS 14808-60-7) | TWA | 0.05 mg/m3 | Respirable dust. |
| SODIUM FLUOROSILICATE (CAS 16893-85-9) | TWA | 2.5 mg/m3 | |

Biological limit values**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)**

| Components | Value | Determinant | Specimen | Sampling Time |
|--|--------|-------------|----------|---------------|
| SODIUM FLUOROSILICATE (CAS 16893-85-9) | 3 mg/l | Fluoride | Urine | * |
| | 2 mg/l | Fluoride | Urine | * |

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

Occupational exposure to nuisance dust (total and respirable) and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the defined occupational exposure limit is not exceeded.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**Eye/face protection**

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection**Hand protection**

Chemical resistant gloves are recommended. If contact with forearms is likely wear gauntlet style gloves. Butyl rubber. Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA). Nitrile rubber.

Other

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended. Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact with solutions containing 10% or more of this chemical.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Powder.

Physical state

Solid.

Form

Powder.

Color

White

Odor

Not available.

Odor threshold

Not available.

pH

11.5

Melting point/freezing point

Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range

Not available.

Flash point

Not available.

Evaporation rate

Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits**Explosive limit - lower (%)**

Not available.

| | |
|--|----------------|
| Explosive limit - upper (%) | Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | Not available. |
| Vapor density | Not available. |
| Relative density | > 0.9 - < 1 |
| Solubility(ies) | |
| Solubility (water) | Not available. |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | Not available. |
| Viscosity | Not available. |
| Other information | |
| Explosive properties | Not explosive. |
| Oxidizing properties | Not oxidizing. |

10. Stability and reactivity

| | |
|---|---|
| Reactivity | The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. |
| Chemical stability | Material is stable under normal conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | Hazardous polymerization does not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | Avoid contact with acids, and acid vapors. |
| Incompatible materials | Strong oxidizing agents. Powerful oxidizers. Chlorine. Hydrogen fluoride. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | Silica will dissolve in hydrofluoric acid producing a corrosive gas, silicon tetrafluoride. |

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Inhalation | Harmful if inhaled. |
| Skin contact | Causes skin irritation. |
| Eye contact | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Ingestion | Expected to be a low ingestion hazard. |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes. Coughing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Harmful if inhaled.

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|---|----------------|---------------------|
| SILICIC ACID (H ₂ SiO ₅), SODIUM SALT (1:2) (CAS 13870-28-5) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 1.1 - 1.6 g/kg |
| SODIUM FLUROSILICATE (CAS 16893-85-9) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 125 mg/kg |

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

| | |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Skin corrosion/irritation | Causes skin irritation. |
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Respiratory or skin sensitization | |
| Respiratory sensitization | Not a respiratory sensitizer. |

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Skin sensitization | This material contains a component that is capable of being absorbed through intact skin and that has been shown to cause reproductive and developmental effects in laboratory animals. |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic. |
| Carcinogenicity | Hazardous by OSHA criteria. Hazardous by WHMIS criteria. In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) Cancer Hazard. In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk..." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003) According to the current state of the art, worker protection against silicosis can be consistently assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits. May cause cancer. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled. |

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

| | |
|--|---|
| CRYSTALLINE SILICA (CAS 14808-60-7) | 1 Carcinogenic to humans. |
| PALYGORSKITE (ATTAPULGITE) (LONG FIBRES, > 5 MICROMETERS) (CAS 12174-11-7) | 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. |
| SODIUM FLUOROSILICATE (CAS 16893-85-9) | 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. |

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--------|
| CRYSTALLINE SILICA (CAS 14808-60-7) | Cancer |
|-------------------------------------|--------|

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

| | |
|--|--|
| CRYSTALLINE SILICA (CAS 14808-60-7) | Known To Be Human Carcinogen. |
| PALYGORSKITE (ATTAPULGITE) (LONG FIBRES, > 5 MICROMETERS) (CAS 12174-11-7) | Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen. |

| | |
|---|--|
| Reproductive toxicity | Not classified. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | Not available. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| Aspiration hazard | Not an aspiration hazard. |
| Chronic effects | Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. |
| Further information | This product has no known adverse effect on human health. |

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life.

| Product | Species | Test Results |
|--|---------|---|
| TUFCHEM™ SILICATE GUNITE POWDER | | |
| Aquatic | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Fish 1044.1558 mg/l, 96 hours |
| <i>Acute</i> | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Daphnia 3.5 mg/l, 48 hours estimated |
| Fish | LC50 | Fish 596.2682 mg/l, 96 hours estimated |
| Components | | |
| SILICIC ACID (H2SI2O5), SODIUM SALT (1:2) (CAS 13870-28-5) | | |
| Aquatic | | |
| <i>Acute</i> | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia) 0.28 - 0.57 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis) 1800 mg/l, 96 hours |

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|--|--|-------------------|
| SODIUM FLUOROSILICATE (CAS 16893-85-9) | | |
| Aquatic | | |
| <i>Acute</i> | | |
| Fish | LC50 Bluegill (<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>) | 49 mg/l, 96 hours |

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT
Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA
Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG
Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List. This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. CERCLA/SARA Hazardous Substances - Not applicable.

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) One or more components of the mixture are not on the TSCA 8(b) inventory or are designated "inactive".

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)
Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)
Not listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification
Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)
CRYSTALLINE SILICA (CAS 14808-60-7) Cancer
lung effects
immune system effects
kidney effects

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)
SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance
Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical Yes

Classified hazard categories
Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)
Skin corrosion or irritation
Serious eye damage or eye irritation
Carcinogenicity
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)
Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Contains component(s) regulated under the Safe Drinking Water Act.

US state regulations

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

CRYSTALLINE SILICA (CAS 14808-60-7)

PALYGORSKITE (ATTAPULGITE) (LONG FIBRES, > 5 MICROMETERS) (CAS 12174-11-7)

California Proposition 65



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including CRYSTALLINE SILICA, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

CRYSTALLINE SILICA (CAS 14808-60-7)

Listed: October 1, 1988

PALYGORSKITE (ATTAPULGITE) (LONG FIBRES, > 5 MICROMETERS) (CAS 12174-11-7)

Listed: December 28, 1999

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|-----------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS) | Yes |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | Yes |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | Yes |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | No |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | Yes |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | Yes |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | Yes |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | Yes |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | Yes |
| Taiwan | Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI) | Yes |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | Yes |

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 04-03-2024

Revision date 04-29-2024

Version # 02

Further information HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA.

NFPA ratings
Health: 2
Flammability: 0
Instability: 0

References

ACGIH
ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices
EPA: AQUIRE database
HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens
NLM: Hazardous Substances Data Base
US. IARC Monographs on Occupational Exposures to Chemical Agents

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Revision information

This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.